

BUDAPEST UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY AND ECONOMICS, FACULTY OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT OF BROADBAND INFOCOMMUNICATIONS AND ELECTROMAGNETIC THEORY SPACE RESEARCH GROUP

Amateur or professional? The answer is not trivial!

IONOSPHERE TOPSIDE SOUNDING

presented by

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The

Space Research Group of BUTE <u>Our History in Brief</u>

Space related activities since the 1970s:

Date of launch	Satellite	Device
June 19 1976	Intercosmos 15	ETMSZ-PS
September 24 1977	Intercosmos 17	BPCS
October 24 1978	Intercosmos 18	BP-21
February 27 1979	Intercosmos 19	SSPI/ BPCS
November 1 1979	Intercosmos 20	SSPI/BE-7
May 23 1980	P3A (OSCAR9)	BCR
February 4 1981	Intercosmos 21	SSPI/BE-7
June 16 1983	P3B OSCAR10	BCR
December 15 1984	Vega 1 and 2	Tünde-PS
December 15 1984	Vega 1 and 2	Bliszi-PS
December 15 1984	Vega 1 and 2	TV-PS

Date of launch	Satellite	Device
December 15 1984	Vega 1 and 2	Plazmag-PS
June 15 1988	P3C OSCAR13	BCR
September 28 1989	Intercosmos 24 Intercosmos 24	ODCS-PS SAS-PS
1996	MIR	PSU for multioptical scanner
2000 (postponed)	CESAR	
2000	P3D AO-40	•BCR •"MONITOR" experiment
March 02 2004	Roland (Rosetta)	PSU
Expected in 2005	P3Express	BCR



The Objective:

Ionosphere Topside Sounding





Immediate, on-line measurement data

...for the "Amateur" and scientific communities:

- Better understanding → new (?) models and prediction
- Investigation and mapping of exit points of the topside ionosphere for HF ducts
- Direct transmission from HAARP to ISS
- Solar emissions monitoring
- Ionospheric occultations

...for professionals:

Monitoring of ground emitters from LW to SW

Optimization of broadcast power

 \downarrow

Reduction of RF environmental pollution (basis of a possible public service such as the meteorological satellites)

The predecessors

Successful experiments*	Our recent project
•Alouette I - 1962	MONITOR experiment
•Explorer XX – 1964	•Development between 1996 and 2000
•Alouette II – 1965	•Launched in 2001 on board of OSCAR 40 (currently in standby mode)
•ISIS I - 1969	
•ISIS II – 1971	Principle:remote controlled HF receiver, data transferred via the telemetry system of the satellite
•ISS II - 1978	telemetry system of the suteme
•IK 19 – 1979	
•Cosmos - 1986	

...and what we offer:

<u>Co-operation with Rohde & Schwarz:</u> <u>Offered HF Receiver Type EM010</u>

- robust construction (intended for military use)
- terrestrial equipment is already in use in our Radio Club
 - \rightarrow proven hardware and software
 - → only adaptation but no fundamental development is required
- flying equipment is provided by R&S free of charge
- shock and vibration tests shall be performed by R&S



Public test opportunity: http://webradio.ha5mrc.hu

The Preliminary Block Diagram



matching with a high input impedance amplifier
(compromise between bandwidth and noise figure)

•data acquisition: either via the telemetry system OR an independent Internet connection

Summary: Pros for the Project

- performance by a group with an experience of about 3 decades,
- exploiting the opportunities offered by the SW beacon network,
- flying unit provided free of charge,
- terrestrial unit is already under test,
- minimal software development is required,
- valuable scientific results expected,
- direct benefits for the amateur community: immediate wave propagation and transparency map,
- the applicant group has already developed devices for MIR, therefore it is aware of the related requirements and the difficulties that might be expected on the ISS.

Availabilities



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Thank you for your attention.